Sharing valid research: Case study of an open-access publisher

Gearóid Ó Faoleán Senior Manager, Research Integrity





What is valid research



What is valid research

What are the issues we face



What is valid research

What are the issues we face

How does
Frontiers
address these



Who we are

Frontiers is a scholarly publisher

Launched in 2007 with a mission to make science open

All of our journals are fully open-access

We collaborate with many industry partners



...and what we publish

























67
Online
Journals

563
Online
Specialties



Some of our collaborators and partners





$$\left| \mathbf{C} \right| \mathbf{O} \left| \mathbf{P} \right| \mathbf{E} \left|$$
 committee on publication ethics





chronos





Poses a valid research question and hypothesis



Poses a valid research question and hypothesis

Applies correct and transparent methodology



Poses a valid research question and hypothesis

Applies correct and transparent methodology

Groundedin existing
literature



Article-types focused on reproducibility



Article-types focused on reproducibility

Data-sharing, and sharing of negative results



Article-types focused on reproducibility

Data-sharing, and sharing of negative results

Open Access



A recent analysis of 21 prominent social science papers in *Nature* and *Science* found that only 13 could be replicated

In another study, replication
 attempts failed in 14 of 28 papers



 No longer solely an issue in the social sciences

- Publish or perish landscape in academia
- Novelty as a prerequisite of publishing validity
- The boiler room push for more,



 No longer solely an issue in the social sciences

- Publish or perish landscape in academia
- Novelty as a prerequisite of publishing validity
- The boiler room push for more,better



 No longer solely an issue in the social sciences

- Publish or perish landscape in academia
- Novelty as a prerequisite of publishing validity
- The boiler room push for more,
 better and more significant results







How Frontiers addresses this

How Frontiers addresses this: Article Types

How Frontiers addresses this: Article Types

- Many journals publish a small range of article types
 e.g. research, review, perspective, clinical trials
- Common additions, depending on the publisher e.g. letters and opinions
- And occasional niche article types
 e.g. registered reports



How Frontiers address

- Many journals publish a narrow ran types e.g. research, review, persper
- Common additions, depending on the publisher e.g. letters and opinio
- And occasional niche article types
 e.g. registered reports.

- Technology & Code
- Methods
- Classification
- Data Report
- Study Protocol

Technology and Code article type

 Technology & Code articles present new technology, code and/or software or a new application of a known technology or software

(...)

Technology & Code articles related to innovative software solutions and/or design should be novel, presented in a well-documented, human-readable format and should be placed online in a repository, with an associated DOI/URL for retrieval.



Technology and Code article type

CODE ARTICLE

Front. Robot. Al, 12 February 2018 | https://doi.org/10.3389/frobt.2018.00010



Speech Recognition for the iCub Platform



- ¹iCub Facility, Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Genoa, Italy
- ²Università di Genova, Genoa, Italy
- ³Advanced Concepts Team, European Space Agency, Noordwijk, Netherlands
- ⁴Center for Translational Neurophysiology of Speech and Communication, Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Ferrara, Italy

This paper describes open source software (available at https://github.com/robotology/natural-speech) to build automatic speech recognition (ASR) systems and run them within the YARP platform. The toolkit is designed (i) to allow non-ASR experts to easily create their own ASR system and run it on iCub and (ii) to build deep learning-based models specifically addressing the main challenges an ASR system faces in the context of verbal human—iCub interactions. The



Data Report article type

Data Report articles present a description of research datasets. Datasets must be deposited in a public repository and must be fixed and made publicly available upon publication of the report.

(…)

The protocols and methodology used to collect the data can also be submitted as Methods articles.



Methods article type

Methods articles present either a new or established method, protocol, or technique that is of significant interest in the field.

(...) Results must be replicable.



Methods article type

METHODS ARTICLE

Front. Immunol., 12 September 2011 https://doi.org/10.3389/fimmu.2011.00035

Reproducible isolation of lymph node stromal cells reveals site-dependent differences in fibroblastic reticular cells

Anne L. Fletcher¹, Deepali Malhotra^{1,2}, Sophie E. Acton¹, Veronika Lukacs-Kornek¹, Angelique Bellemare-Pelletier¹, Mark Curry³, Myriam Armant⁴ and Shannon J. Turley^{1,5}*

- ¹ Department of Cancer Immunology and AIDS, Dana–Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, MA, USA
- ² Division of Medical Sciences, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA
- ³ Flow Cytometry Core Facility, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, MA, USA
- ⁴ Center for Human Cell Therapy, Immune Disease Institute, Boston, MA, USA
- ⁵ Department of Microbiology and Immunobiology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA

Within lymph nodes, non-hematopoietic stromal cells organize and interact with leukocytes in an immunologically important manner. In addition to organizing T and B cell segregation and expressing lymphocyte survival factors, several recent studies have shown that lymph node stromal cells shape the naïve T cell repertoire, expressing self-antigens which delete self-reactive T cells in a unique and non-redundant fashion. A fundamental role in peripheral tolerance, in addition to an otherwise extensive functional portfolio,





Author Guidelines

While Frontiers evaluates articles using objective criteria, rather than impact or novelty, your statement should frame the question(s) you have addressed in your work in the context of the current body of knowledge, providing evidence that the findings - whether positive or negative - contribute to progress in your research discipline.



Author Guidelines

While Frontiers evaluates articles using objective criteria, rather than impact or novelty, your statement should frame the question(s) you have addressed in your work in the context of the current body of knowledge, providing evidence that the findings - whether positive or negative - contribute to progress in your research discipline.



Research Topic

Non-Invasive Brain Stimulation Effects on Cognition and Brain Activity: Positive Lessons from Negative Findings

The aim of this Frontiers Research Topic is to highlight the value of negative findings for the TBS community, e.g., to guide the choice of stimulation parameters (by means of avoiding unsuccessful designs) and to work towards a more realistic picture of the robustness and reproducibility of TBS effects (by gauging the number of successful relative to unsuccessful attempts). Motivated by many reports of unpublished null results accumulating in file drawers (personal communications, own research), we welcome the submission of high quality studies involving the application of any TBS technique (focusing on either behavioural or neural outcome measures, or both), regardless of statistical significance of the outcome ('negative' or 'positive' findings), provided studies were appropriately designed and supported by a strong rationale. In particular, we welcome submissions of studies in the domain of cognition, e.g., on perception, attention, language, memory, etc., or those looking at resting state electrophysiological (e.g., EEG) measures in healthy participants.

60 articles

276 authors

100,458 views

Research Topic

Non-Invasive Brain Stimulation Effects on Cognition and Brain Activity: Positive Lessons from Negative Findings

The aim of this Frontiers Research Topic is to highlight the value of negative findings for the TBS community, e.g., to guide the choice of stimulation parameters (by means of avoiding unsuccessful designs) and to work towards a more realistic picture of the robustness and reproducibility of TBS effects (by gauging the number of successful relative to unsuccessful attempts). Motivated by many reports of unpublished null results accumulating in file drawers (personal communications, own research), we welcome the submission of high quality studies involving the application of any TBS technique (focusing on either behavioural or neural outcome measures, or both), regardless of statistical significance of the outcome ('negative' or 'positive' findings), provided studies were appropriately designed and supported by a strong rationale. In particular, we welcome submissions of studies in the domain of cognition, e.g., on perception, attention, language, memory, etc., or those looking at resting state electrophysiological (e.g., EEG) measures in healthy participants.

Article collections on reproducibility



Research Topic

Reliability and Reproducibility in Functional Connectomics

Research Topic

Replication Attempts of Important Results in the Study of Cognition.



Research Topic

Reproducibility and Rigour in Computational Neuroscience

Research Topic

Data Integration and Reproducibility

Research Topic

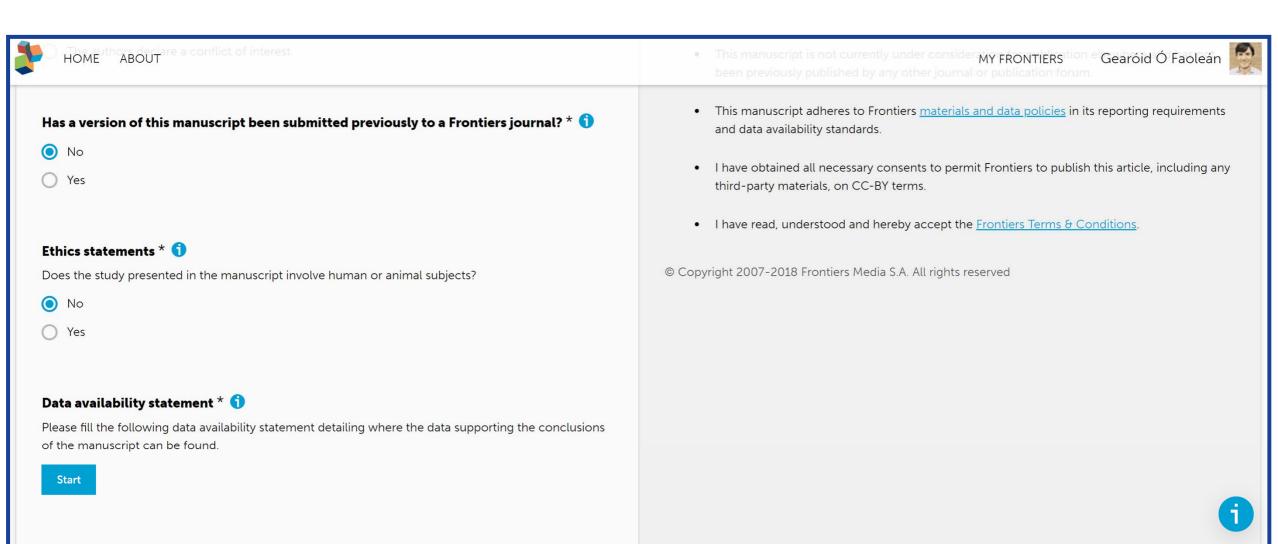
Assessing and Promoting Reproducibility in Perception and Consciousness Research



Signatory to TOP Guidelines:

Our policies on data availability are informed by community-driven standards, which Frontiers endorses, such as the Transparency and Openness Promotion (TOP) guidelines





Collaboration with Figshare:

 All supplementary files deposited in FigShare and receive a DOI

Conclusion

The promotion of varied article types and the encouragement of publishing negative results and papers addressing reproducibility can help alleviate the current crisis in research

This can all be scaled if approached correctly

Open Access is in a unique position in this regard



Thank you.